# Exhibit A

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    UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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    SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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    In re GENERAL MOTORS LLC
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                                           New York, N.Y.
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                                           September 7, 2016
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                                           9:40 a.m.
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   Before:
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                        HON. JESSE M. FURMAN,
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                                           District Judge
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                             APPEARANCES
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12 HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP
        Co-Lead Plaintiff Counsel
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13 BY: STEVE W. BERMAN
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         -and-
14 LIEFF CABRASER HEIMANN & BERNSTEIN LLP
15 BY: ELIZABETH J. CABRASER
15
         -and-
16 HILLIARD MUNOZ GONZALEZ LLP
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   BY: ROBERT C. HILLIARD
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   KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP
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         Attorneys for Defendant
18 BY: ANDREW B. BLOOMER
         RICHARD C. GODFREY
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    APPEARING TELEPHONICALLY: DANIEL DeFEO
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 (Case called)

THE COURT: Good morning to everyone. Our audience seems to be thinning. I don't know what that means. In any event, hopefully it's a good thing.

We are operational on Court Call. Just a reminder, as always, to speak, loudly, clearly into the microphones. I hope everybody's summers were enjoyable, even if you were all working reasonably hard in preparation for the trial that looks like it's not happening, that you were able to get should enjoyment and time in for you and your families.

Per my practice, I'm going to go through the agenda. I do have two preliminary matters. One is to just note I know some of you have met either virtually or in person my new law clerk, Nishi Kumar, who is helping me in this litigation.

I want to make sure that if you haven't yet met her, that you take a moment after this proceeding to just introduce yourself. Hopefully things will continue to run as smoothly as they have. I'm sure they will.

Second, I was hoping to get an update from you on the settlements. I checked the docket shortly ago and did not see any stipulations of dismissal or settlement and wanted to see where that stood.

MR. HILLIARD: Judge, Bob Hilliard. We weren't able to get them filed by 9:30, but I will tell the Court they will be filed before the end of business today. I spoke with both SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

my team and Mr. Godfrey before the hearing this morning, and he concurs. So the Court can expect filings before the end of business today.

THE COURT: All right. I will look for that and sign them when I see them.

Getting to the agenda, first on the bankruptcy proceedings, it doesn't seem to me that there's much, if anything, to discuss there. Obviously, the successor liability issues with respect to Norville are now moot, and I understand that you've already been in touch with Judge Glenn to alert him to that and indicate that that issue can be decided on a less-expedited schedule, if you will.

So I'm assuming that there's nothing for us to discuss. Obviously, you should continue to keep me apprised of any material developments. Is there anything that I'm missing or anything we should be discussing? All right. Good.

Next is coordination with related actions. I got your most recent update of yesterday apprising me of the latest development in the St. Louis action. The first question is: Are there any updates beyond that?

MR. GODFREY: Rick Godfrey, your Honor. I was hoping that we would know whether or not we would need to take action in this Court by today because, as the original schedule had been set in St. Louis, on the 31st of August, there was to be simultaneous briefings before the special master, Norton.

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We filed -- that is, New GM filed -- its brief at the time we were supposed to. The plaintiffs did not. On Friday, the 2nd, we received an email that the plaintiffs wanted to file instead today and that the request would be granted unless we objected.

We did not object, but we are not in a position to know why it is they think, having consented to this Court's jurisdiction and having consented to order number 10, why it is they think they should be allowed to proceed to collaterally attack this Court's order in the St. Louis court.

We attached the transcript to the hearing which makes for interesting read about how they view this Court, that is, "they," the plaintiffs' lawyers. But I'm not in a position to tell this Court what it is they're going to say or how we're going to proceed.

I think there is a distinct possibility that we're going to be filing motions to enforce against the lawyers here, but t I don't know that. We have tried to work this out unsuccessfully. This is the first time we've been unable to work it out.

I think if your Honor has seen the transcript or seen what they told Special Master Norton, that they don't feel themselves bound in any way, shape, or form by this Court's orders at all.

They signed Exhibit A consenting to this Court's SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

jurisdiction. The order 10's terms are plain and clear. That order was also entered in the St. Louis court by the St. Louis judge. So that's not necessary.

So we're not even under the all-writs act here. We're under a simple procedure where the parties got the benefit of this Court's order, agreed to be bound by it, submitted to this Court's jurisdiction, and now take the position that they are not and they can collaterally attack this Court's order in another court. We don't think that's proper.

We've taken that position with the special master that that's not proper. We have also, out of respect to the St. Louis court, because we believe it's appropriate, set forth our position on the merits in that court, both under Missouri law as well as under this Court's order.

Fundamentally, our threshold issue is this should be decided one time. It was decided by this Court. These lawyers consented to this Court's jurisdiction. They are bound by this Court's order, and they do not have the right to collaterally attack in another court.

The Potts law firm -- those lawyers sent a letter on September 2 which your Honor has a copy of where they made clear that they want -- my words, not theirs -- but no part of the St. Louis proceedings. What they've said is "My clients do not want to be involved in appellate our other review of a

motion to compel that they did not bring."

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So that law firm has made clear that they are not part of this in St. Louis. I think it is unfortunate, but we are in a position now where until we see what they have to say and what they have to file, I can't tell the Court what our next step will be, but I expect it will be motion practice here, but I don't know that.

Hope springs eternal. In 2 1/2 years, as your Honor knows, we've been able to work out every single issue with every other counsel. Thus far, I'm not admitted in that case, but my colleagues who are have not been able to work out a resolution that will avoid this potential conflict. So we apologize for our inability to do that, but we certainly have tried.

THE COURT: No apology necessary. Suffice it to say, it is not be ripe, and having heard only one side of the story, if you will, I'm not going to rule at this time.

I will say that upon first blush or a quick look, I'm inclined to agree with you that by virtue of signing Exhibit A to order number 10, that the lawyers did consent to this Court's jurisdiction for purposes of enforcing

discovery-related rulings.

In that regard, I would think that my ruling on this issue is presumptively binding on them. Maybe there are

complications I'm not thinking of with respect to parties who aren't before me and federal jurisdiction issues. I don't

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know. Certainly on first blush, I think you have a pretty reasonable argument on that front.

Now, again, there may be more to it or another side to it. In that regard, I will obviously and certainly reserve judgment. In addition, as you know, my strong preference is indeed for you to work these things out with counsel or with the presiding court and for me not to intervene at the first or earliest opportunity, and I appreciate your efforts to do that. You're certainly welcome to share what I just said with anyone in those proceedings that you like. But my hope is that this issue can be resolved to everybody's satisfaction.

MR. GODFREY: I appreciate very much your Honor's comments. Two quick points: One is because of how we view order 10 and what they signed, we view this not as a state court versus federal court conflict. We don't view it that way. We view it as lawyer-generated.

I don't blame Special Master Norton or the court in St. Louis for any of this. They're acting in terms of what courts do. A motion is filed, and they proceed in response to a motion.

So this is a lawyer-driven issue. It's not a court-driven issue. So nothing I say should be implied as any criticism at all of the state court or Special Master Norton. This is not of their doing. They are no different than your Honor. If counsel files a motion, your Honor will SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

1 entertain it. That's what they're doing.

Secondly, because there are two sides, I'd like to see what they have to say. I've read the transcript. I've read what they said so far. So far, it does not address the fundamental problems that we see.

But that's why I said, until they file their papers and put in writing precisely why they think they're not governed, etc., etc., which is teed up, I don't know for certain how we'll proceed. But I suspect, in light of what they said in the transcript, if they continue that line, then we're going to be back here in short order.

THE COURT: Well, you know where I am and how to get me. Keep me apprised. Obviously, if there's need for me, in your view, to do anything, you should make any appropriate application.

Any other related actions to update me about? The only other one referenced in not yesterday's letter but the letter before that was the California action as to which the dispute didn't seem ripe for me to involve myself at this point either.

Is there anything else I ought to know?

MR. GODFREY: That's the Mullens case, and it is still not ripe. I believe we're making some progress there. The team that's in charge of that case tells me they're making progress.

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The message I was asked to deliver to the Court this morning was we are hopeful we can resolve that as we've been able to successfully resolve other things, and they're making efforts. So it is not ripe for the Court now, and we hope it will never become ripe. We are trying to resolve it.

THE COURT: Good. Is there anything else anyone wants to share on this front?

All right. Next is the prospective fourth amended consolidated complaint. I'm not sure there's anything to discuss on that front.

MR. BERMAN: Steve Berman, your Honor.

THE COURT: It looks like there may be.

MR. BERMAN: I hope this is a very minor point. When I set the date, September 13, I was really counting on working on it this weekend pretty much full time. I forgot that I have a Bar Mitzvah that I need to attend to. So New GM has graciously agreed to extend the date to the 15th, if that's okay with the Court.

THE COURT: Sure. Absolutely. I don't know if it's a Bar Mitzvah related to you, but mazel tov to whoever.

MR. BERMAN: I'll pass that on.

THE COURT: Very good.

Does that require or call for -- I assume that we can leave the October 6 date for the parties' filings about the

implications of that and so forth. Very good.

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Next is the Boyd plaintiffs' motion to dismiss without prejudice. My understanding is that counsel for Boyd is on Court Call. I did grant permission for counsel to have a speaking line.

In the future, I want to note that any counsel who wants to participate in that fashion or really counsel other than lead counsel who wants to participate at all needs to seek advance permission from me by filing a letter motion rather than calling chambers. But, in any event, I did grant permission in this instance.

Is counsel on the line? Can you identify yourself.

 $\,$  MR. DeFEO: Yes. Good morning, your Honor. This is Daniel T. DeFeo, and I apologize for the error in the procedure.

THE COURT: No worries. Thank you for joining us. My preliminary question is a semi-procedural one, which is in my order directing New GM to file any opposition by yesterday at 2:00, I obviously didn't allow for a reply.

I'm open to the idea of giving you an opportunity to reply if you think that that would be helpful or appropriate, or you can reply orally at this time if that is sufficient.

What's your thought?

MR. DeFEO: My thought, your Honor, is we could probably do this orally.

THE COURT: Let me tell you my thoughts, and then you SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

can respond to those as much as you can. New GM's arguments in part, because they're largely the same, which is to say that I'm inclined to agree with New GM that the motion should be denied and also for the reasons not just stated by New GM but by the Fifth Circuit in the FIMA Trailer litigation, which is at 628 F.3d 157, a 2010 decision, I think the case here for dismissal with prejudice is certainly weaker than it was in that case in the sense that discovery has only just started. 

There's only one defendant here. So there are no issues with respect to substituting defendants or identifying bellwethers with respect to particular defendants.

I think it would be easier at this juncture to replace the case with a new bellwether. In that regard, the phase 2 bellwether order actually contemplates that possibility before September 30, if I remember correctly.

Now, the bottom line in my view -- or my inclination is at least that in litigation of this size and complexity, the challenges of case management are especially acute, and I worry that allowing dismissal without prejudice, which is to say essentially allowing a plaintiff to withdraw his or her claim upon being selected as a bellwether and forcing New GM to select a new bellwether and then allowing that plaintiff to re-file here or in another court, would essentially, in the Fifth Circuit's words, allow the plaintiff to have his cake and eat it too, and it would create the wrong incentives and

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essentially disrupt the orderly and efficient process that I set up in the bellwether plans.

I'd ask you to respond to that and, in particular, also under the case law, I have pretty broad discretion to attach any conditions to a dismissal, up through and including dismissing with prejudice.

I wonder if there are conditions short of dismissing with prejudice that might address those concerns but some sort of middle ground short of dismissing with prejudice.

If not, I guess my inclination is that you have a choice to make, and that is to either to consent to dismissal with prejudice, which is certainly I think an option, or to proceed with trial.

In my view, for the reasons that are articulated, namely, that the case would be expensive to try, that that's true whether you try it here or in another forum and that when you file a lawsuit, you have to be prepared, as the Fifth Circuit said, to undergo the costs, psychological, economic, and otherwise, that litigation entails and understand the possibility that the case will proceed to trial.

Why don't you respond to all that, please.

MR. DeFEO: Yes, sir. First of all, your Honor, from my view, there are two tracks this case has been moving on. We were contacted about trying to resolve this case with Ms. Wendy Bloom at Kirkland & Ellis.

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We provided information to her and articulated what we have, which is a case with a subject vehicle that's part of this litigation, the HHR. It's a case that has truly an impact, minor injuries. But you have a total damage profile of less than \$10,000 for this case.

On GM's request, we've submitted that information to them and have not heard back. Then on July 29, we were notified that this case has now been selected as a bellwether case, and I can understand the procedure and the way in which General Motors can do that.

However, again from an economic standpoint for this one individual person's case, it's not a case that if tried, does anything for Mr. Boyd at the end of the day because clearly I think everyone would agree that the expense of litigating this case as a bellwether would far and away exceed the potential value of this case.

Now, in our motion for leave to dismiss without prejudice, I contacted lead counsel, and we spoke. I was advised to move the Court to dismiss the case without prejudice so as to preserve, at a minimum, his economic loss claim. And I believe, your Honor, that's kind of the thrust of the dismissal without prejudice.

The invited settlement demand, which has been made to General Motors, and, two, if there is going to be resolution at some point from this litigation, I think it would make sense to SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

allow Mr. Boyd to have the opportunity to benefit from that.

Outrightly dismissing his case with prejudice, my guess is General Motors would never respond to a settlement demand. Of course, it would also preclude him from any economic loss award which may be forthcoming.

THE COURT: Mr. DeFeo, unfortunately, you're cutting out a little bit here and there. I don't know if that's an issue on your end or ours. I don't know if you're on a landline. Hopefully you are.

MR. DeFEO: I am.

THE COURT: I certainly got the gist of your argument and concerns. I'm not sure we got every word or the court reporter got every word, but I think we got the gist.

I don't know, Mr. Hilliard, Mr. Bloomer, or Mr. Godfrey, if you want to respond. My concern is certainly the allowing for gamesmanship in a process that was elaborately and carefully crafted to give each side some say in which cases where appropriate to be tried and, in that regard, was leaning in New GM's direction on this.

The only concern or question I have, in light of Mr. DeFeo's remarks, is whether and to what extent this case is representative. I don't hear any dispute that it falls within the category of cases that the bellwether process was -- the pool that was to be selected from.

And I obviously indicate this file has to be prepared SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

to go to trial. That's sort of the way the process works. It goes to trial, it settles, or it's dismissed. Somebody can't sort of file and then choose to opt out and so forth.

I guess a couple questions I have. One is, Mr. DeFeo, let me go back to you first. I didn't quite understand -- maybe it was because you cut out -- if your concern is preserving the economic loss claim, in which case maybe it's just a question of clarifying if you would consent to dismissal with prejudice the personal injury claims and preserve the economic loss claims, if New GM would consent to that, or if you're trying to preserve all of it, which I understand New GM has understandable concerns about.

Can you clarify that.

MR. DeFEO: Sure, your Honor. Obviously, I would prefer to preserve all of it because he did have some medical bills associated with this crash, and that's why we've made that very modest demand to resolve his case.

If, however, the Court would be disinclined to do that, then I would, as an alternative relief, at least like his economic claim to be preserved.

THE COURT: Mr. Bloomer?

MR. BLOOMER: Yes. Andrew Bloomer on behalf of New GM. On the issue of the economic loss claims, under your order number 29, the Boyd plaintiffs' economic loss allegations were dismiss the without prejudice.

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So I think from GM's standpoint, that's what was done with those claims. They're preserved as part of the consolidated complaint. I think trying to preserve the entire claim, including the personal injury component, does create the kind of gaming of the system that your Honor has noted.

I think we would have no objection to preserving the economic loss claims. We think they already are preserved under order 29 but not for the reason we've put in our paper and your Honor has averted to, not the entire thing, which could be re-filed here or elsewhere and litigated another day, which would undermine the bellwether process that the Court has established.

 $\,$  THE COURT: Mr. Hilliard, is there anything you want to say here?

MR. HILLIARD: Judge, I tried to figure out where this case was yesterday and this morning. As best I could tell, this was originally a state court case with less than \$75,000 in controversy. It was removed by GM and tagged along without the remand being heard. When I spoke to Mr. DeFeo this morning, he pointed out he wasn't even sure that there is federal jurisdiction because of the damages sought.

In regards to the other issue the Court brought up about the gamesmanship, there is the intention, Judge, because GM was actively trying to settle cases such as these for modest amounts, and both sides -- I'm assuming Ms. Bloom and the SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

1 gentleman on the phone -- were negotiating.

Then that may have led somewhere, but when he was selected, there has been darkness on GM's part, and that's the frustration I hear in Mr. DeFeo's voice, and that is it seemed like the case was going to get resolved. But once it was selected, it was now frozen in time and stuck for litigation.

I reached out to Ms. Bloom this morning. But unfortunately, she has a family member who is in the hospital. So I didn't bother her with this issue and don't have all of the information.

I understand Mr. DeFeo's frustration, as well as the Court's reluctance to allow his case to either continue along the settlement track without being a bellwether case so that it can't get resolved or be dismissed with prejudice, subject to retaining the economic loss rights should there ever be a settlement in that regard.

THE COURT: A couple reactions. First, I didn't hear Mr. DeFeo saying that the case was on track for settlement. What I heard him saying is that he submitted the information that New GM asked for with respect to settlement and a demand and then never heard from GM. Perhaps Mr. Bloomer can shed some light on that. That's a slightly different situation.

The second is that I don't really view these as two separate tracks per se. As we've recently seen, just in the last couple days, cases selected for bellwether can indeed also SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

G97YGMLC settle.

In that regard, it's no different from any litigation, which is to say that the presumption is that cases will go to trial unless and until they are otherwise resolved, including by settlement.

So, in that regard, I don't see it as cases being on either a settlement track or a trial track. It's really a single track, and there are different ways off of it. So that's my comment on that issue.

The only other issue I do want Mr. Bloomer to address is the jurisdictional issue that Mr. Hilliard raised because, obviously, I don't have authority to exercise jurisdiction if there's no subject matter jurisdiction here.

I don't know if that's an issue. If there are economic loss claims or claims under the Magnuson-Moss Act, maybe there's just federal jurisdiction, plain and simple.

 $\,$  Can you respond to that. It raised some red flags with me.

MR. BLOOMER: Understood, your Honor. I think at the time it was removed -- and I don't have the removal papers in front of me, and it may well have been on the basis of bankruptcy jurisdiction for removal -- and there are claims in the complaint for exemplary damages, but I think that ship has come and gone in the sense that removal isn't judged by the face of the complaint, and federal jurisdiction attaches at the SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

time it's removed. Again, I don't have the papers in front of
me.

THE COURT: That is true, but one can't waive the right to challenge the existence of federal jurisdiction. You can waive the right to challenge a failure to adhere to the procedures of removal, for example. But if there was no federal jurisdiction then, there's no federal jurisdiction now. That's not an issue that comes and goes.

MR. BLOOMER: I agree, your Honor, although I don't understand the plaintiff's argument to be that there was no federal jurisdiction at the time it was removed.

I think the parties would need to go back and look at the basis for removal, and it may well have been at the time, because this complaint was filed, I believe, in the fall of 2014, bankruptcy court jurisdiction as at least one of the grounds.

Certainly, this was not something that was, to my knowledge, challenged at the time. We could look at it anew if that's the Court's preference, but this is the first I'm hearing this.

THE COURT: I'm actually looking at the removal petition to see.

So it was removed based on bankruptcy jurisdiction. So it was removed based on bankruptcy jurisdiction. I can make that clear.

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 Mr. DeFeo, do you want to respond?

MR. DeFEO: Your Honor, I'm not really prepared to address the bankruptcy issue, but I can tell the Court that the amount in controversy on this particular case is far under the federal jurisdiction of \$75,000.

THE COURT: Right. But I think the point is if it wasn't removed on the basis of diversity jurisdiction as to which there is an amount of controversy requirement, that may be irrelevant.

Here is my bottom line. I'm going to deny the motion to dismiss without prejudice, but I do want the parties to confer immediately to figure out the best way forward.

As I understand it, the economic loss claims have been dismissed without prejudice. So, in that regard, the only thing that remains at the moment are the personal injury claims.

Perhaps Mr. Boyd would consent to dismiss those with prejudice preserving his right to recover with respect to any economic loss recovery, that is to say, the status quo on that front. Otherwise, the case will continue on the track with respect to phase 2 of the bellwether plan.

My concern is that we figure this out sooner rather than later because if the case is going away and I want to include the jurisdictional issue within the scope of those discussions, then I think it's incumbent upon us to figure that SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

out sooner rather than later so that a substitute can be selected immediately and the process won't be put off track.

Again, I'll deny the motion to dismiss without prejudice and leave you guys to discuss what to do with the situation more broadly and otherwise leave things where they are, and I'll trust that you'll advise me sooner rather than later if there's anything to be done.

Thank you for joining us, Mr. DeFeo.

MR. DeFEO: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: The next item on the agenda is settlement. On that front, I actually met with counsel for New GM and Mr. Hilliard for lead counsel in chambers yesterday to sort of take stock of where things stood more broadly with respect to settlement in light of the settlements of the Cockram and Norville matters.

I did have a court reporter present in light of some of the issues that arose in this litigation earlier this year, but it was a sealed proceeding because it involved the issues of settlement and my role in facilitating settlements, which I think is proper to be done under seal.

In any event, the main thing that I imparted to them, which I conveyed in my endorsement of the agenda yesterday, was that I wanted to discuss, in light of the settlements of the Cockram and Norville matters in particular, what, if anything, there is to be done to help everybody get more of these cases SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

1 across the finish line.

Obviously, we have a phase 2 bellwether plan in place, and that is proceeding as we know. The phase 1 bellwether plan is basically over at this point, and my understanding is that both sides feel that, notwithstanding the fact that there were only 1 1/2 trials or so in this court, I think one in the state court, and some other dispositions reached in state court, that the process has actually been helpful in getting other cases to resolution.

Big picture, the question is what, if anything, can be done to help you guys get more of the I'll call them core ignition switch cases across the finish line, that is, cases within the first bellwether phase, and if there is anything that we should revisit or reconsider with respect to phase 2 or other cases in the MDL.

Any thoughts?

MR. GODFREY: Rick Godfrey, your Honor. I think, in response to the Court's question, we can say as follows: First, order 108, whose due date is October 11, is very important in terms of accelerated process of potential resolution.

22 THE COURT: That's the supplemental fact sheet type of information?

MR. GODFREY:

MR. GODFREY: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. GODFREY: We have a team that's dedicated to that process. In the event that we have issues -- and I suspect there will be issues that both sides share where we're getting insufficient information -- then we'll be back to the Court promptly.

We have the status on the 13th. So we may have a preliminary view by the 13th. I don't know whether we will, but we hope to, because that is the single most important step that can be taken, which is it's hard to negotiate an acceptable resolution without basic information.

If we get the basic information, then we will be able to I am confident, as we were with Mr. Hilliard, as we've done with several other groups of plaintiffs, work out acceptable resolutions. So that's the most important step in the near term.

Second, with respect to economic loss -- Mr. Berman and I have had a discussion. Ms. Cabraser and I in the past have had discussions -- we need to see the fourth amended consolidated class action complaint.

We will look at that from two perspectives on our side: One is what, if anything, can be resolved and how do we do that. Mr. Berman has committed to working with us and at least have a discussion in regard to that once it's file. He's true to his word. I know he'll do that.

Secondly, we will work with the plaintiffs. I think SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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we have briefs actually due on the 6th of October, as I recall -- I think that's the date -- to outline for the Court procedures that would enable the parties to better understand the risk on both sides, either additional motion practice or discovery or whatever. So it's a dual track that we'll be on all with the same goal but two ways to get there.

Finally, third, as the Court knows, the bellwether phase 2 plan is important to implement and move forward on expeditiously because that will address the other part of the docket that we haven't gotten to.

If you think of the docket in three buckets -- core ignition switch, economic loss, and then the other cases -- I think those are the three steps are what the Court can do now.

We will now more certainly by October 13. Whether we will know enough to suggest specific concrete additional steps for assistance from the Court, I can't form a judgment on at this time until we see what we get, but certainly we will know by November.

THE COURT: That sounds reasonable and right to me, all of which is to say let's wait until after supplemental discovery is provided, and then we can take stock of where things are.

I think the things to think about are, again, as I said, what, if anything, I can do or do differently to help get more of these cases across the finish line. In that regard, I SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

think it's helpful to think about the different buckets.

One question that arises in my mind is with respect to the core ignition switch cases that were part of the phase 1 bellwether process, to the extent that that process has run its course, one possibility -- I'm not sure we're there yet -- is that the MDL has served its function, and those cases should be remanded to their transfer courts and allowed to run their course.

I'm inclined to think we're not there yet, and to the extent that settlement is a real possibility and we're sort of sorting cases that are being settled and not, that we should allow some time for that process to run its course.

It's certainly among the things that I think everybody should be thinking about and we should discuss in future status conferences. We'll table that for now, but obviously those are things that you should be thinking about and talking to one another about.

Is there anything anyone at the front table wants to weigh in on this?

MR. HILLIARD: Judge, just so the Court is aware, I asked the office to run the numbers. It appears there are 171 core case that's are inside the MDL and approximately 557 phase 2 cases for a total of 728.

As to the phase 2 cases, I spoke to Mr. Bloomer. We may be able to reach an agreement before the next status SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

conference, but there will be an issue on some additional GM discovery on liability in regards to the phase 2 vehicles. We brought it up generally with the Court. We're discussing it with each other.

I would guess, given our track order, we won't need the Court's assistance, but there may be a small chance that we might need some intervention.

THE COURT: Okay. When you say 171 and 557 I think were the numbers you gave me, that's cases as opposed to plaintiffs? Is that correct? A lot of cases are filed with multiple plaintiffs.

MR. HILLIARD: It has to be cases, Judge. I have one of my staff member who is listening in right now, and she'll probably send me -- yes. Correct. So that is correct.

THE COURT: I think that's more cases than there are in the MDL. My recollection is that there were a few hundred cases in the MDL but 3,000 plus plaintiffs. So 728 is neither of those numbers. In any event, I don't think we need to nail this down for now, but that's certainly helpful to know, and we can leave it there for now.

The other thing to remind you all is obviously Magistrate Judge Cott is ready, willing, and able to assist in settlement discussions. So, as things progress, I would encourage you to avail yourselves of his able assistance.

Yes. Mr. Berman.

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MR. BERMAN: Yes, your Honor. Ms. Cabraser and I wanted to point out the following: We pointed this out in our letter at the last status conference, that you pretty much finished phase 1, and it's time to get the spotlight turned to the economic loss cases.

We're going to be addressing this in our October 6 submission, and maybe you'll agree or not. You have sustained claims that are going to go forward no matter what happens to the fact.

We think it's time to begin thinking about test classes and test economic loss cases. So we think that needs to happen to get the EL side of the case kind of moving forward.

THE COURT: Well, I would say I'm just as eager as you to get that side of the house, if you will, moving. You'll have your submissions by October 6 to let me know your thoughts on how best to proceed, and you should obviously be discussing that with one another. That will be a subject for a next status conference.

MR. BERMAN: There is one other item I just want to alert you to. We have advised all the lawyers who have filed economic loss cases of the scope of the defects that we are going to include in the fourth amended complaint. So that process is out there.

One of the things that we'll have to discuss and SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

you'll have to address is, planting the seed, what to do with the defects that are not going to be asserted in the fourth amended complaint but are here and have been in the MDL.

THE COURT: Why don't you guys include that. To the extent that there is anything to discuss on that front, include that within the scope of your discussions and submissions on October 6.

Obviously, I've addressed those types of issues in the past with respect to order I think 29 and order 50, if I remember correctly, and the opinion I wrote explaining order 50.

I don't know to what extent those orders and what I've already done on that front would cover the issues that you're flagging here. If you think that anything needs to be modified or tweaked, you should obviously let me know.

Is there anything else on this front? Very good.

Other issues that are not on the agenda and that I didn't flag, first is the Pillars bankruptcy appeal. I didn't really flag, but I was going to discuss this. So I'm not sure counsel for Mr. Pillars is here. In that regard, I want to tread carefully.

My recollection is that I've given counsel for Mr. Pillars until yesterday to file a response to your letter. Is that correct?

MR. BERMAN: Your Honor, I thought it was Wednesday, SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

1 but I could be mistaken. We can check and confirm.

THE COURT: I will look for that. I guess my question -- I think I can just pose it to you even if counsel isn't present -- assuming you're right and Mr. Pillars is not a core ignition switch plaintiff or an ignition switch plaintiff within the meaning of the bankruptcy court's ruling and presumably, by implication, within the meaning of the Second Circuit's ruling, I guess the question in my mind is is there reason to defer a decision on the appeal pending the bankruptcy court ruling in the first instance on the status of the "non-ignition switch" plaintiffs' claims.

My understanding is New GM's position is that the only -- well, let me start with the following: The Second Circuit obviously remanded the claims of the non-ignition switch plaintiffs for further consideration by the bankruptcy court as to whether there was a due process violation as to those plaintiffs.

My understanding is that New GM takes the position that the only such plaintiffs who have live claims and arguments on that score are those that actually appealed to the Second Circuit and that other "non-ignition switch plaintiffs" who didn't appeal -- that their claims are basically over and done. That may include Mr. Pillars, in which case I think no question the appeal issue is a live one.

Now, my understanding is that the plaintiffs' counsel SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

takes a different position and essentially argues that that category includes others beyond those who were party to the appeal and potentially including Mr. Pillars, in which case presumably the bankruptcy court will have to decide that issue.

If it agrees with plaintiffs in that regard, it could conceivably decide that Mr. Pillars has a valid claim that there's a due process violation and can pursue a claim on a more straightforward theory. If that's the case, then presumably it would moot the issue on the appeal to me.

All of this is with the backdrop of the fact that this case is stayed pursuant to my order number 1, and I'm just trying to decide what makes sense to devote my attention to and resources to and whether this is something that needs to be decided now as opposed to just put on ice pending further developments.

Any thoughts?

MR. BLOOMER: Yes, your Honor. The parties in the bankruptcy proceedings, I think, as the Court knows, are developing a list of issues to bring before the bankruptcy court. That may well be one of the issues.

Our position, as we stated during the telephonic hearing on the Pillars appeal a week or so ago, was that from JAMS' perspective, given the fact that the Pillars case is stayed in this court under order number one, there is no magic to the timing of resolving the appeal. I guess it's SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

conceivable that something could happen in the bankruptcy court that has an effect on it.

Ultimately, as I think we told the Court or I told the Court during the hearing, the issue that we see that may remain -- we think will remain -- is the question of whether he has an assumed liability or retained liability.

Whether any further proceedings in the bankruptcy court could impact that I think remain to be seen. To the extent your Honor is saying can I just defer this pending what happens, if anything, in the bankruptcy court, I don't think my client has an objection to that.

THE COURT: Very good. Thank you. That's helpful. I'll wait and seeing what, if anything, Mr. Pillars files

14 today.

MR. BERMAN: Your Honor, we may have a dog in this fight. We may urge you to ice it because to the extent that Mr. Pillars is implicating issues involving what claims non-ignition switch plaintiffs can bring and where they can bring them, that is very much a live issue for us that we're going to be debating with GM on. So I'm concerned that it touches on much broader issues.

THE COURT: I hear you. I don't think it does in the sense that the issue on appeal -- I don't know how familiar, if at all, you are with the issues in Mr. Pillars' case.

The issue on appeal is very, very sui generis or I SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

think is unique to his case and one other case, and in fact the circumstances are even more unique to his case given certain procedural issues.

Judge Gerber had ruled that in light of those sort of unique circumstances, that his case could proceed, notwithstanding the fact that it otherwise wouldn't have been allowed to proceed.

I think that issue doesn't implicate the concerns that you have raised, and that's the only issue on appeal before me. So, when it comes down to it, what I was discussing is stuff that would be decided elsewhere and may have a bearing on the appeal and, in that regard, may have a bearing on whether it's worth my spending my time on it now. If I were to address the appeal now, I don't think I would be addressing any of those issues.

Am I wrong in that, Mr. Bloomer, in injure opinion?
MR. BLOOMER: I would agree with that, your Honor. To
reiterate what I said before, one of the issues in the appeal
is which agreement applies to his claims making them either
retained liabilities or assumed liabilities.

THE COURT: I don't see any danger of prejudice to other non-ignition switch plaintiffs because I don't think I would get to those types of issues if I were to proceed at this point at all.

In terms of other housekeeping matters, there is a SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

 pending motion to dismiss certain personal injury wrongful death claims under I think it's order 25, the plaintiffs' fact sheet-type issues that New GM filed. This is docket number 3296.

I think the response deadline is this Friday. So I'll wait to see what, if anything, is filed in that regard. I also have a couple motions to vacate prior dismissals that I'll act on once all those issues are fully submitted.

The only other issue I have on my agenda to discuss is the schedule for the next conferences. We do have two on the calendar. One is October 13 at 2:00 p.m. And then the second, which was to be a joint final pretrial conference for Norville and status conference for the MDL, is the morning of November 9.

I guess the question that arises in my mind is whether we this stick with both of those dates or whether it might make sense to just meet next on November 9. I don't know if there's something in between perhaps.

I know we tried to go through this the last go-around. In light of the fact that Norville is now gone and you and I don't need to be spending our time preparing for that case, it just does free up some other possibilities. So I'm happy to stay the course. I'm happy to adjust. Any thoughts?

MR. BERMAN: Your Honor, we'd like to stay the course and at least have the October 13 because on October 6 you're SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

1 going to get our submissions.

On October 13 I think we're set to have a discussion over the course of the economic loss case. So we'd like to keep that, even though it was difficult to squeeze in between Yom Kippur and Mr. Godfrey's wedding, which I have not been invited to.

THE COURT: Nor I, but I'm relieved about that, only for judicial ethics reasons, not for anything personal.

I think that probably makes sense, that is to say that we should stick with the October 13 date, and then we can evaluate at that time whether November 9 is needed and/or whether other conference dates should be set at that time.

Mr. Godfrey?

 $\,$  MR. GODFREY: What I was wondering is: In light of the change of schedules, whether the Court would be willing to move October 13 to the following week.

THE COURT: No, only because there are two days that I'm out for Jewish holidays, and then my daughter is getting bat mitzvah'd that following weekend. So I will not have the time or attention to pay to this at that time. So we'll stick with the 13th.

Anything else for today?

MR. GODFREY: Two items quickly, your Honor: One is Mr. Hilliard was correct. The papers are ready to be signed in the Norville and in the Cockram cases.

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The holdups are on our end. We need to find someone with authority to sign them because Mr. Bloomer and I are here, Mr. Brock is not available, and Ms. Bloom is in the hospital with her sister.

We'll get someone to sign them. Right now I can't tell you who. We don't have someone with authority now to sign them, but we will find someone by the end of the day. We're just not sure who that will be.

Secondly -- I should have asked this before. I apologize for not thinking of it -- I am hopeful that we can work out the St. Louis issue. If we can't, we've actually never had a motion like this in the court. I assume we would just file our motion papers.

Do we ask for a particular date to be heard? If we have to go down that route, how does the Court want us to proceed? We've always before, since we've been working with lead counsel, have been able to work out a proposed date, but this is a novel situation.

If we get their papers today and decide we have no choice -- we'll make one last effort to try to resolve with them, but if that doesn't work, how would you like us to proceed? We'll move fairly quickly. I need your guidance, if I could ask.

THE COURT: I think it depends a little bit on how urgent the situation is. If it's something that can be briefed SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

in the normal course, then could just file it as an ordinary-type motion.

I guess the bottom line is why don't you wait and see if you need to file anything. Depending on what you do need to file, if it you turns out you do need to file something, you can essentially make a simultaneous application to proceed in some fashion and either propose that we hold an immediate conference or expedite the briefing schedule or what have you in light of whatever the situation is.

In other cases, it might make sense to proceed by order to show cause and have a conference in quick order, but the bottom line is, as you know, I think I'm pretty on top of this docket.

If you file something, I'll act on it pretty quickly. If you have a suggestion or if you advise me of what the constraints are and what the need to act quickly is, I will take appropriate action. You should make your suggestions, and I'll consider them in due course.

MR. GODFREY: Thank you.

THE COURT: Let's hope that it doesn't come to pass at all. We've been successful thus far, and I'll keep my fingers crossed.

Anything else? All right. That was a pretty quick conference, all things considered. I wish you guys a pleasant rest of your day, and I'll look for those dismissal orders, and SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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     we are adjourned. Thank you.
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